

Arkansas Game and Fish Commission Aerial Waterfowl Survey Report January 4 and 6-9, 2020

Arkansas Game and Fish Commission staff conducted the annual midwinter waterfowl survey Jan. 4 in the Arkansas River Valley and Jan. 6-9 in Mississippi Alluvial Valley (Delta). As a reminder, the Bigelow-Lake Conway and Cadron survey zones were cut from the Arkansas River Valley survey due to consistently low duck counts. Staff conducted the southwest Arkansas cruise surveys Jan. 9. Observers estimated 1.4 million total ducks in the Delta, half of which were mallards (729,960; Table 1). Duck population estimates in the Arkansas River Valley totaled just over 34,000, including slightly under 21,000 mallards (Table 2), while only about 2,000 mallards were counted among slightly less than 27,000 total ducks in southwest Arkansas. Observers in the Delta estimated more than 1.3 million light (lesser snow and Ross's) geese and about 320,000 greater white-fronted geese during this survey, with the caveat that this survey is not great for estimating goose numbers. Observers were Jason Carbaugh, Jason Jackson, Jeff Lawson, Cameron Tatom and Alex Zachary.

The Delta mallard population estimate is slightly less than the 2010-2020 long-term midwinter survey average of about 859,000. However, the total duck population estimate was above the long-term average of over 1.2 million (Figure 1). The big departure from patterns this decade was the species composition of ducks observed during this survey. Mallards typically account for nearly 70% of all ducks during the midwinter survey; this year's mallard percentage was only 50%. Population estimates for northern pintails, northern shovelers and gadwalls were noticeably higher than usual. Similar to the Delta, these species accounted for nearly all the non-mallard ducks in both the Arkansas River Valley and southwest Arkansas.

Observers estimated the greatest number of mallards in the Delta in the Lower St. Francis survey zone, while estimates were somewhat low in other zones. In fact, mallard estimates declined from December in several zones (Cache, Black-Upper White and Bayou Meto-Lower Arkansas) that traditionally are mallard strongholds. Duck density maps show this distribution pattern, with several duck hotspots (Figure 3) that were slightly different than mallard hotspots (Figure 4); non-mallard hotspots appear to be driven by pintail distribution. Estimates for all ducks and mallards in the Arkansas River Valley were more than 40% below and more than 30% below average, respectively (Figure 2), with the highest mallard and total duck estimates in the East Dardanelle, Holla Bend and Point Remove-Plumerville survey zones. In the Arkansas River Valley, duck (Figure 5) and mallard (Figure 6) concentrations centered around Holla Bend National Wildlife Refuge and Ed Gordon Point Remove Wildlife Management Area and toward the eastern end of Dardanelle Reservoir. Many of the pintails, shovelers and gadwall occurred in the Delta south of the Arkansas River and east of Crowley's Ridge.

Similar to observations throughout this wintering periods, ducks were concentrated on established waterfowl sanctuaries and habitats that appeared not to be purposefully managed or actively hunted. A region where this seemed more evident was south of Marked Tree, past I-40, and east to the Mississippi River within the Lower St. Francis survey zone. Although Big Lake NWR/WMA had a good concentration of ducks, it was not as impressive as the December survey. Observers flying transects within this survey zone noted several fields full of ducks, some on transect lines and some in transition areas between randomly selected transect lines. Perhaps many of the ducks around Big Lake much of the wintering period moved south to feed in these fields. There were large fields (not the typical 40 acre square, but >100 acres) near the Mississippi River that had a low end or swale running through the middle that had water and ducks. Most of these had no pits, blinds or evidence of hunting activity present. Similar to previous surveys, ducks were using moist-soil habitat or fields

that did not get planted this spring that had moist-soil vegetation present, again without evidence of duck hunting activity.

Statewide habitat availability generally has been low this wintering period. Overbank flooding along a few river corridors early in duck season was short-lived, and the rainfall necessary to produce additional flooding has been mostly absent. December was dry throughout much of Arkansas, with monthly precipitation totals two to four inches below average in many locations. Portions of west Arkansas got less than an inch of rain. For example, rainfall totals were only 53%, 42% and 26% of average December totals in Jonesboro, Pine Bluff and Fort Smith, respectively. Temperatures broke record highs several times during December, especially late in the month. These weather patterns typically do not lead to high mallard counts, but early water captured in both managed and limited unmanaged habitats appears to be supporting mallard numbers at least close to average. That said, mallards have not had much reason to be attracted to Arkansas in greater numbers; extensive surface water can provide that draw. In contrast, warm conditions combined with increasing day lengths clearly provided conditions suitable for some early migrating species (e.g. northern pintails and northern shovelers) to jump back north into Arkansas from points south as they begin spring migration.

The most substantial rain event for much of the state occurred immediately following the completion of this survey. No doubt habitat availability increased rapidly and extensively across much of the Delta as a result of this storm system. Warm weather has settled in again, but much cooler temperatures are forecast for the week of Jan. 20, the same week staff will conduct the final waterfowl survey of this wintering period. The early migrant species that prospected north into Arkansas the past couple weeks likely may shift back south. Habitat availability may have increased enough this past week to attract additional mallards, but a big jump in numbers is unlikely as the wintering period comes to an end. Even so, hopefully cooler temperatures and sustained overbank flooding in some areas will lead to increased duck movement as birds seek out new habitats and improved hunting conditions as the season draws to an end.

Table 1. Waterfowl abundance estimates in Arkansas during the late November (Nov), mid-December (Dec), early-January Midwinter Survey (MWS) and late-January (Jan) aerial waterfowl survey periods, 2009-2020, in the Mississippi Alluvial Valley (MAV) using stratified random sampling of transects.

(Jail	j aciiai Wa	ite 10W1 3UI	vey periods, 2009-2020, in the Mississippi Alluvial Valley (MAV) using stratified random sampling of transects. Survey Zone												
				Ι	ı		T S	survey Zoi	le I		1		1		
			Bayou Bartholomew -		Bayou Meto -		Black - Upper			Lower White -	Little River	Lower St.			
			Bayou Boeuf	Rayou Macon	Lower Arkansas	Rig Crook	White	Cache	L' Anguille	Bayou Des Arc	Ditches	Francis	Lower White	MAV Total	
		Mallards	Dayou bocui	Dayou Wacon	LOWEI AIRAIISAS	Dig Ci CCK	Winte	Cacric	LAnguine	bayou bes Are	Dittiles	Trancis	LOWEI WHITE	124,065	
	Nov-09	Total Ducks												794,405	
	Dec-09	Mallards												648,955	
	Dec-09	Total Ducks												2,046,969	
	MWS-10	Mallards												2,309,453	
	101003 10	Total Ducks												2,887,810	
	Jan-10	Mallards												2,063,243	
		Total Ducks												3,153,410	
	Nov-10	Mallards Total Ducks												180,198 1,133,126	
		Mallards												1,133,126	
	Dec-10	Total Ducks												1,860,894	
		Mallards												671,982	
	MWS-11	Total Ducks												1,192,518	
		Mallards												1,311,245	
	Jan-11	Total Ducks												1,786,677	
l	N 11	Mallards	4,750	-	15,717	66	9,968	47,902	7,577	10,896	2,432	36	32,736	132,080	
	Nov-11	Total Ducks	52,662	19,346	174,725	1,367	32,914	77,686	36,010	78,700	40,038	61	114,332	627,841	
	Doc 11	Mallards	39,569	2,136	90,328	10,161	73,576	226,861	48,173	206,485	367,290	122,032	283,418	1,470,029	
	Dec-11	Total Ducks	135,903	14,267	298,196	32,799	171,366	306,191	94,423	360,232	417,990	247,685	339,894	2,418,946	
	MWS-12	Mallards	7,956	989	110,141	87,360	35,244	318,991	51,493	43,618	51,721	8,604	37,862	753,979	
	Jan-12	Total Ducks	29,124	2,318	161,830	161,081	51,447	368,370	89,139	60,802	75,241	51,660	65,861	1,116,873	
~		Mallards	22,365	5,917	48,569	82,272	47,069	102,400	38,682	232,214	80,546	11,193	82,291	753,518	
. <u>ŏ</u>		Total Ducks	47,985	17,165	87,045	114,331	128,018	162,763	105,318	321,724	86,482	70,673	122,334	1,263,838	
Period	Nov-12	Mallards	2,543	7,176	44,732	5,298	50,797	112,327	97,712	14,306	19,136	36,967	51,127	442,121	
		Total Ducks	11,037 37,887	38,220	95,784	34,352	79,726	171,744	164,874	68,621	25,852	66,825	75,764	832,799 416,206	
Survey	Dec-12	Mallards Total Ducks	121,538	11,126 22,648	40,660 70,813	4,525 18,267	157,624 233,838	54,417 81,262	45,467 95,628	8,517 30,981	29,542 35,021	8,993 45,649	17,448 31,270	786,915	
'n	MWS-13	Mallards	30,438	12,508	75,690	16,112	48,272	57,409	32,133	20,437	48,267	4,633	105,865	451,764	
S		Total Ducks	54,951	19,145	120,222	22,876	60,929	84,871	68,389	27,503	56,231	7,511	142,842	665,470	
		Mallards	28,836	8,921	90,090	36,204	93,035	62,369	26,058	7,344	3,511	93,337	27,036	476,741	
	Jan-13	Total Ducks	128,058	48,672	127,548	48,364	138,314	103,878	52,116	9,588	3,665	145,229	32,483	837,915	
		Mallards	13,582	2,841	24,371	2,900	25,948	66,501	54,163	-	13,242	1,445	39,840	244,833	
	Nov-13	Total Ducks	200,157	38,409	107,960	18,100	148,225	111,257	99,517	49,598	46,545	4,206	114,572	938,546	
	D 12	Mallards	73,158	20,062	71,142	7,904	72,485	25,429	63,845	54,023	37,107	27,422	22,806	475,383	
	Dec-13	Total Ducks	154,707	31,980	145,453	26,009	98,951	36,088	122,202	77,353	47,533	33,835	60,612	834,723	
	MWS-14	Mallards	104,455	33,520	164,150	3,070	66,080	216,061	934	56,508	25,124	13,835	123,399	807,136	
	101003-14	Total Ducks	114,764	44,313	182,263	3,070	75,082	247,069	1,196	80,835	25,124	17,143	136,817	927,676	
	Nov-14	Mallards	9,409	17,100	136,741	22,901	34,196	19,077	3,454	22,216	128,948	69,511	84,007	547,560	
	1101 1-7	Total Ducks	83,914	51,660	234,759	80,425	70,814	29,520	12,382	45,023	171,835	80,469	132,448	993,249	
	Dec-14	Mallards	81,653	48,048	53,377	7,836	159,637	12,105	36,370	8,308	23,966	16,198	172,746	620,244	
		Total Ducks	107,261	50,700	168,894	12,430	212,520	18,005	72,920	15,300	24,196	46,082	251,119	979,427	
	MWS-15	Mallards Total Ducks	113,960 130,296	29,818 30,988	162,687 188,203	99,270 106,124	110,723 148,309	25,064 39,287	31,083 55,675	10,033 18,601	8,855 8,855	162,042 321,514	172,026 180,142	925,561 1,227,994	
		Mallards	3,599	43,200	17,915	19,253	15,382	46,418	7,625	15,597	9,093	40,889	42,941	261,912	
	Nov-15	Total Ducks	203,640	120,492	126,942	25,333	49,581	149,017	18,051	22,088	14,459	43,547	116,041	889,191	
		Mallards	6,103	1,287	59,153	17,784	107,474	109,493	13,682	5,814	11,408	9,242	5,837	347,277	
	Dec-15	Total Ducks	98,739	25,214	106,887	100,928	223,106	221,060	65,282	40,127	21,975	28,436	16,697	948,451	
		Mallards	31,506	13,806	84,035	14,558	53,900	97,829	106,172	20,482	60,454	-	170,364	653,106	
	MWS-16	Total Ducks	55,172	32,204	125,780	37,662	91,665	164,831	155,016	28,744	74,250	3,943	226,832	996,099	
	lan 16	Mallards	22,606	9,068	59,169	22,800	80,590	135,110	-	116,169	-	74,942	96,330	616,784	
	Jan-16	Total Ducks	94,269	21,294	75,702	33,212	105,643	184,233	-	291,312	-	74,942	111,648	992,255	

Table 1, continued. Waterfowl abundance estimates in Arkansas during the late November (Nov), mid-December (Dec), early-January Midwinter Survey (MWS) and late-January (Jan) aerial waterfowl survey periods, 2009-2020, in the Mississippi Alluvial Valley (MAV) using stratified random sampling of transects.

Janie	ary (Jarr) ac	ilai watelio	wi survey periods, 2009-2020, in the Mississippi Alluvial Valley (MAV) using stratified random sampling of transects.											
			Survey Zone											
			Bayou Bartholomew -		Bayou Meto -		Black - Upper			Lower White -	Little River	Lower St.		
			Bayou Boeuf	Bayou Macon	Lower Arkansas	Big Creek	White	Cache	L' Anguille	Bayou Des Arc	Ditches	Francis	Lower White	MAV Total
	Nov. 1 F	Mallards	3,599	43,200	17,915	19,253	15,382	46,418	7,625	15,597	9,093	40,889	42,941	261,912
	Nov-15	Total Ducks	203,640	120,492	126,942	25,333	49,581	149,017	18,051	22,088	14,459	43,547	116,041	889,191
	Dec-15	Mallards	6,103	1,287	59,153	17,784	107,474	109,493	13,682	5,814	11,408	9,242	5,837	347,277
	Dec-13	Total Ducks	98,739	25,214	106,887	100,928	223,106	221,060	65,282	40,127	21,975	28,436	16,697	948,451
	MWS-16	Mallards	31,506	13,806	84,035	14,558	53,900	97,829	106,172	20,482	60,454	-	170,364	653,106
	10100 3-10	Total Ducks	55,172	32,204	125,780	37,662	91,665	164,831	155,016	28,744	74,250	3,943	226,832	996,099
	Jan-16	Mallards	22,606	9,068	59,169	22,800	80,590	135,110	-	116,169	-	74,942	96,330	616,784
	Jaii-10	Total Ducks	94,269	21,294	75,702	33,212	105,643	184,233	-	291,312	-	74,942	111,648	992,255
	Nov-16	Mallards	0	0	26,781	21,094	0	1,792	3,007	285	16,572	0	12,381	81,912
	1101-10	Total Ducks	5,983	17,179	71,612	57,213	1,167	24,772	29,140	1,064	33,788	9,724	17,919	269,561
	Dec-16	Mallards	15,104	475	150,591	31,456	23,246	91,324	19,088	8,160	20,241	20,767	64,914	445,364
	Dec-10	Total Ducks	72,010	8,361	207,710	43,213	26,332	115,977	30,448	43,642	30,147	86,977	85,357	750,174
	MWS-17	Mallards	72,405	40,448	219,106	22,908	14,102	128,174	20,651	12,460	8,873	41,202	70,677	651,004
	101003 17	Total Ducks	95,012	57,394	250,439	26,358	38,389	236,142	36,784	13,479	9,892	75,996	75,677	915,562
	Jan-17	Mallards	7,154	15,135	146,710	20,187	41,860	159,212	47,507	19,013	8,116	31,646	63,039	559 <i>,</i> 579
Period	3011 17	Total Ducks	73,706	66,649	225,301	28,396	87,546	277,917	85,046	57,463	10,021	51,226	91,663	1,054,934
Ë	Dec-17	Mallards	4,921	3,151	116,026	19,729	84,718	38,466	26,874	2,400	26,662	100,522	9,508	432,977
Pe	Dec-17	Total Ducks	28,720	12,448	192,672	24,770	158,347	70,974	64,906	39,102	37,663	139,882	21,915	791,399
	MWS-18	Mallards	2,458	34,577	390,205	92,504	40,402	132,049	35,330	1,402	12,274	54,505	153,625	949,331
Survey	101003 10	Total Ducks	3,027	62,533	415,037	110,084	44,660	140,405	58,871	3,845	13,969	122,781	180,326	1,155,538
<u>5</u>	Jan-18	Mallards	3,276	10,690	104,937	116,012	8,117	21,688	11,050	555	36	70,030	63,378	409,769
0,		Total Ducks	42,652	35,963	118,023	116,275	10,768	22,626	17,671	2,313	39	143,833	69,635	579,794
	Nov-18	Mallards	251	476	66,867	7,222	91,284	110,677	43,214	1,572	40,305	-	2,226	364,094
	1107 10	Total Ducks	57,431	17,075	131,319	11,649	214,432	265,268	73,438	3,900	57,849	2,040	2,997	837,398
	Dec-18	Mallards	2,770	7,210	118,723	124,685	33,242	145,660	84,416	9,825	31,723	45,074	83,800	687,126
	DCC 10	Total Ducks	37,533	59,037	202,869	147,520	48,481	185,811	236,571	18,709	43,519	110,004	91,944	1,181,998
	MWS-19	Mallards	50,569	7,541	80,381	22,208	81,122	85,902	38,201	16,263	13,588	119,119	40,885	555,779
	23	Total Ducks	123,101	28,889	127,772	28,331	168,597	137,596	76,985	24,204	50,781	211,288	77,009	1,054,553
	Jan-19	Mallards	3,592	12,942	91,603	21,192	53,730	132,098	49,299	19,298	3,937	50,190	117,601	555,481
	30.1.23	Total Ducks	35,277	48,923	125,488	65,460	94,400	247,074	99,281	45,922	4,810	63,203	134,519	964,356
	Nov-19	Mallards	4,095	2,656	18,897	10,217	12,387	102,483	28,188	8,764	40,098	1,068	13,419	242,272
	1101 13	Total Ducks	27,470	33,184	56,514	16,489	47,286	198,832	102,188	28,529	52,422	90,384	28,433	681,730
	Dec-19	Mallards	3,141	1,410	60,346	24,176	73,688	103,543	19,682	9,443	70,195	60,545	20,914	447,083
	200 20	Total Ducks	52,686	10,283	129,781	28,373	166,850	185,574	49,036	39,966	74,342	124,603	37,162	898,656
	MWS-20	Mallards	40,730	7,032	49,576	10,209	56,228	76,464	57,146	40,810	11,322	333,707	46,736	729,960
	20	Total Ducks	179,674	26,737	94,990	35,729	95,958	133,810	148,207	54,851	12,291	611,108	78,730	1,472,083

Table 2. Waterfowl abundance estimates in western Arkansas during the late November (Nov), mid-December (Dec), early-January Midwinter Survey (MWS) and late-January (Jan) aerial waterfowl survey periods, 2009-2020. Beginning in Jan. 2013, surveys in the Arkansas River Valley (ARV) were conducted using stratified random sampling of transects, while past ARV surveys and surveys in southwest Arkansas were conducted using "cruise" surveys.

			Survey Zone										
			Bigelow - Lake		East Dardanelle	Fourche La				Pt. Remove -	West Dardanelle	Arkansas River	Southwest
			Conway	Cadron	Reservoir	Fave	Frog Bayou	Holla Bend	Petit Jean	Plumerville	Reservoir	Valley Total	Arkansas Total
	Nov. 00	Mallards										13,731	5,480
	Nov-09	Total Ducks										31,416	19,140
	Dec-09	Mallards										18,580	19,230
	Dec-09	Total Ducks										31,304	31,820
	MWS-10	Mallards										58,815	34,590
	IVIVV 5-10	Total Ducks										81,685	36,060
	Jan-10	Mallards										14,359	19,840
	3011 10	Total Ducks										20,336	27,705
	Nov-10	Mallards										96	14,010
		Total Ducks										5,966	30,300
	Dec-10	Mallards										25,064	2,390
		Total Ducks										28,054	21,106
	MWS-11	Mallards Total Ducks										26,318	15,027
		Mallards										40,470	21,267
	Jan-11	Total Ducks										41,850 60,635	-
		Mallards										12,225	_
	Nov-11	Total Ducks										19,870	_
		Mallards										21,389	_
	Dec-11	Total Ducks										40,919	_
		Mallards										7,264	-
	MWS-12	Total Ducks										13,339	-
		Mallards										13,900	-
рс	Jan-12	Total Ducks										21,000	-
ij		Mallards										1,182	13,090
Period	Nov-12	Total Ducks										7,732	21,935
≥	D 12	Mallards										13,975	10,245
Š	Dec-12	Total Ducks										22,417	17,105
Survey	MWS-13	Mallards										16,893	8,165
	101003-13	Total Ducks										26,058	14,630
	Jan-13	Mallards	-	408	10,000	372	1,837	630	627	1,843	917	16,634	-
	Ja11-12	Total Ducks	-	1,428	10,180	372	1,971	990	902	3,687	7,857	28,011	-
	Nov-13	Mallards	240	187	4,660	800	0	144	0	754	253	7,038	4,455
	1407 13	Total Ducks	320	187	14,320	1,920	0	1,080	528	965	3,307	22,627	19,145
	Dec-13	Mallards	576	245	5,472	1,728	358	162	1,320	3,429	2,176	15,466	10,130
	200 23	Total Ducks	1,604	2,713	8,672	1,728	1,836	3,132	1,501	4,329	3,941	29,456	29,070
	MWS-14	Mallards	11,767	816	2,898	4,800	-	2,160	715	13,703	3,449	40,306	18,385
		Total Ducks Mallards	14,441 926	816 7,140	8,711 12,114	5,124 704	- 924	2,934 4,518	957 10,428	22,177 7,125	6,087 392	61,247 44,271	35,875 15,890
	Nov-14	Total Ducks											
		Mallards	5,040 720	10,540 224	45,485 1,028	4,256 640	3,248 373	4,518 3,006	19,932 2,541	12,039 1,343	624 299	105,682 10,174	29,790 21,200
	Dec-14	Total Ducks	1,242	530	33,805	1,296	373	4,194	4,059	6,991	299	52,789	29,400
		Mallards	3,929	143	5,813	221	-	11,138	0	2,107	3,531	26,882	19,245
	MWS-15	Total Ducks	10,594	755	18,649	221	-	13,455	224	2,107	9,871	55,876	28,695
		Mallards	270	-	1,867	-	149	2,430	561	4,785	64	10,126	21,580
	Nov-15	Total Ducks	270	449	2,898	-	1,170	14,760	726	7,042	64	27,379	37,060
		Mallards	1,440	340	320	160	140	563	165	2,864	1,027	7,019	11,425
	Dec-15	Total Ducks	4,140	374	3,140	992	140	7,088	165	6,913	3,274	26,226	17,950
		Mallards	411	775	352	496	14,000	3,042	726	2,544	6,070	28,416	10,310
	MWS-16	Total Ducks	617	775	6,752	896	17,562	6,102	990	3,808	15,019	52,521	16,715
	la = 10	Mallards	634	918	2,743	576	373	1,548	14,388	8,479	4,622	34,281	14,735
	Jan-16	Total Ducks	634	918	3,817	1,536	1,966	2,088	18,777	11,815	5,478	47,029	19,565

Table 2, continued. Waterfowl abundance estimates in western Arkansas during the late November (Nov), mid-December (Dec), early-January Midwinter Survey (MWS) and late-January (Jan) aerial waterfowl survey periods, 2009-2020. Beginning in Jan. 2013, surveys in the Arkansas River Valley (ARV) were conducted using stratified random sampling of transects, while past ARV surveys and surveys in southwest Arkansas were conducted using "cruise" surveys. The Bigelow-Lake Conway and Cadron strata were not flown beginning December, 2019.

			Survey Zone											
			Bigelow - Lake		East Dardanelle	Fourche La				Pt. Remove -	West Dardanelle	Arkansas River	Southwest	
			Conway	Cadron	Reservoir	Fave	Frog Bayou	Holla Bend	Petit Jean	Plumerville	Reservoir	Valley Total	Arkansas Total	
	Nov-16	Mallards	-	-	818	-	0	-	-	-	99	917	5,165	
	1101-10	Total Ducks	-	-	6,530	-	814	-	-	-	100	7,444	14,690	
	Dec-16	Mallards	112	-	-	739	187	2,612	296	234	8,186	12,364	34,946	
	Dec-10	Total Ducks	333	-	3,165	1,016	988	3,248	550	1,788	10,192	21,278	39,360	
	MWS-17	Mallards	24	1,538	180	831	242	448	5,050	1,808	2,333	12,454	19,386	
	101003-17	Total Ducks	325	2,137	453	12,788	2,167	547	5,499	4,461	14,900	43,277	31,679	
	Jan-17	Mallards	17	627	16,432	3,812	1,019	5,394	1,561	14,818	4,768	48,448	13,682	
	Jaii-17	Total Ducks	17	1,647	17,810	11,308	2,595	5,638	1,825	14,836	4,917	60,593	26,594	
	Dec-17	Mallards	-	-	821	-	0	1,184	-	-	2,129	4,134	15,487	
	Dec-17	Total Ducks	-	-	2,558	-	2,972	3,654	-	-	4,264	13,448	34,822	
	MWS-18	Mallards	0	0	10,862	1,013	4,784	22,254	0	5,269	6,711	50,893	18,412	
þ		Total Ducks	510	0	13,785	2,114	5,880	36,695	0	13,843	7,553	80,380	38,114	
Period	Jan-18	Mallards	2,080	3,144	11,881	135	1,115	141,074	845	3,361	5,214	168,849	10,849	
_D e		Total Ducks	3,420	4,489	20,281	227	3,826	174,542	3,150	3,313	5,381	218,629	32,928	
	Nov-18	Mallards	-	-	273	2,956	3,617	198	4,733	7,074	429	19,280	9,721	
Survey	1101-19	Total Ducks	-	-	5,878	3,319	3,895	253	8,867	9,956	502	32,670	26,969	
'n	Dec-18	Mallards	235	326	2,440	73	179	3,292	462	7,426	605	15,038	9,241	
S	Dec-19	Total Ducks	240	330	4,483	73	630	3,472	1,771	10,920	605	22,514	35,236	
	MWS-19	Mallards	58	382	841	120	389	89	2,413	9,527	4,418	18,237	3,507	
	101003-19	Total Ducks	58	748	4,417	192	2,446	100	3,875	23,206	4,582	39,620	30,973	
	Jan-19	Mallards	1,628	-	1,603	169	728	607	2,234	1,928	7,900	16,797	5,978	
	Jan-19	Total Ducks	5,295	-	2,252	2,762	869	785	2,381	2,488	10,513	27,347	25,540	
	Nov-19	Mallards	1,096	-	1,388	243	4,235	550	592	744	608	9,456	8,016	
	1107-19	Total Ducks	1,081	-	2,067	1,242	20,195	3,054	1,534	5,742	1,754	36,670	17,193	
	Dec-19	Mallards	-	-	461	363	1,418	1,171	2,121	2,133	3,377	11,044	-	
	Dec-19	Total Ducks	-	-	637	672	1,595	2,286	3,146	4,160	8,194	20,691	-	
	MWS-20	Mallards		-	7,995	617	277	6,274	655	4,907	196	20,920	2,237	
	1411003-20	Total Ducks	-	-	10,702	917	2,711	9,008	2,641	7,409	959	34,346	26,955	

Midwinter Waterfowl Survey (MWS) and late-January (Jan) aerial waterfowl survey periods, 2009-2020. 3,500,000 **■** Total Ducks 3,000,000 **■** Mallards 2,500,000 2,000,000 1,500,000 Ducks MWS average 1,000,000 Mallard MWS average 500,000 Nov-09 MWS-10 Nov-10 Nov-13 Nov-15 MWS-16 Nov-16 MWS-11 Nov-11 MWS-12 Nov-12 MWS-13 MWS-14 Dec-14 MWS-17 Dec-17 Jan-18 Dec-18 Dec-19

Figure 1. Duck abundance estimates in the Mississippi Alluvial Valley (Delta) of Arkansas during the late November (Nov), mid-December (Dec), early-January

Page **7** of **15**

Figure 2. Duck abundance estimates in the Arkansas River valley of Arkansas during the late November (Nov), mid-December (Dec), early-January Midwinter Waterfowl Survey (MWS) and late-January (Jan) aerial waterfowl survey periods, 2009-2020.

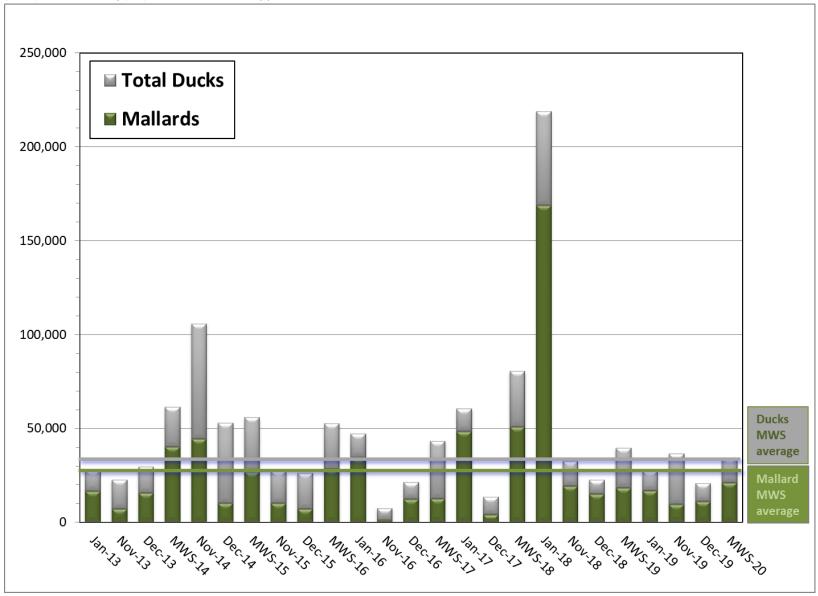


Figure 3. Duck distribution in the Mississippi Alluvial Valley of Arkansas during the midwinter 2020 aerial waterfowl survey period.

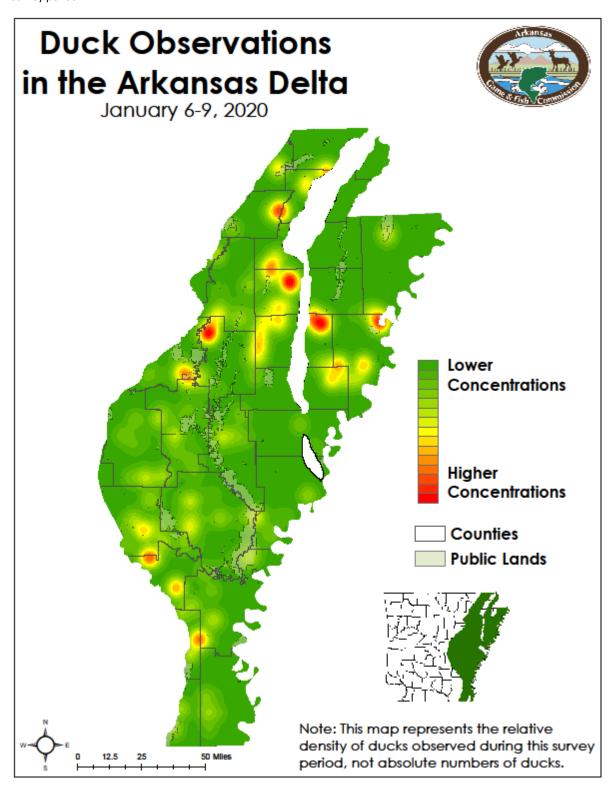


Figure 4. Mallard distribution in the Mississippi Alluvial Valley of Arkansas during the midwinter 2020 aerial waterfowl survey period.

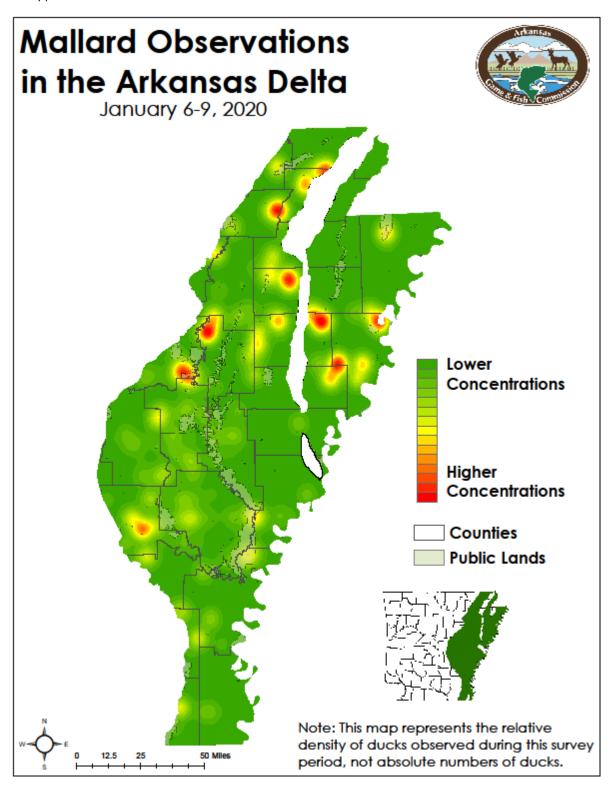


Figure 5. Duck distribution in the Arkansas River Valley (ARV) of Arkansas during the midwinter 2020 waterfowl survey period.

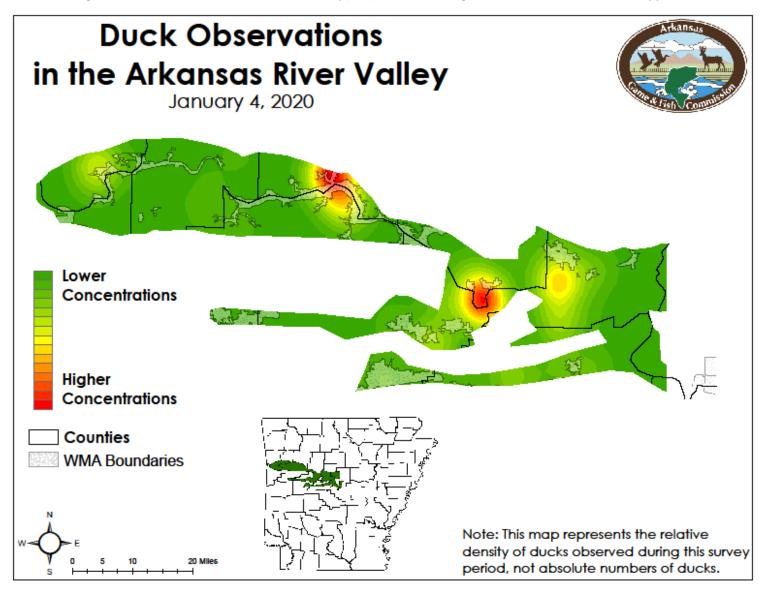
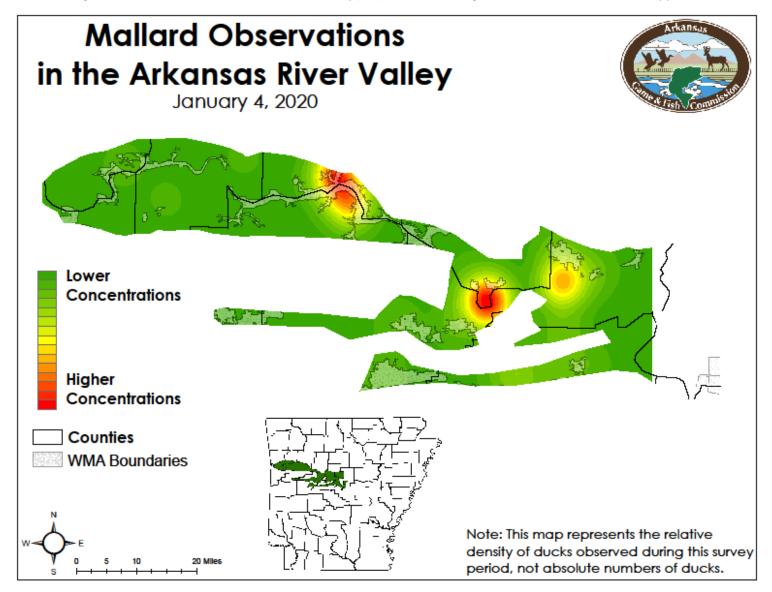


Figure 6. Mallard distribution in the Arkansas River Valley (ARV) of Arkansas during the midwinter 2020 waterfowl survey period.



Survey Design Background

The Mississippi Alluvial Valley is an area of continental significance for migrating and wintering waterfowl, as outlined in the North American Waterfowl Management Plan, and the single most important region for wintering mallards. Habitats found in western Arkansas, including the Arkansas River Valley and southwest Arkansas, such as the Red and Sulphur River floodplains, provide additional critical habitat for migrating and wintering waterfowl. Biologists conduct regular waterfowl surveys in these regions by aircraft up to four times each wintering period.

Winter waterfowl surveys, including the Midwinter Waterfowl Survey, have been conducted across much of the United States since 1935. Many different counting techniques have been used, and recently AGFC and partners have conducted surveys in the MAV using stratified random sampling of aerial fixed width (250m) strips, or transects, that have the advantages of extensive coverage (i.e., no area is excluded from the sample), increased accuracy by counting on fixed strips rather than traditional "cruise" surveys only counting waterfowl on large concentration areas, and availability of measures of sampling error.

Beginning in 2011 in the MAV, survey strata – or sampling zones – follow watershed boundaries (Figure 4). Watersheds in this case are simply land areas that are occupied by a drainage system consisting of a portion of a surface stream and all the tributary surface streams feeding it. For example, the Cache River strata includes lands surrounding and tributaries flowing into the Cache River from the Missouri border on the north to the Cache River's junction with the White River on the south. At the root of this sampling design is the idea that habitat within these zones will share common weather and flooding patterns and, knowing that ducks are keyed in on such patterns, duck distribution will vary among watersheds. This is not a concept foreign to those who follow ducks, particularly duck hunters, as they frequently discuss habitat and duck numbers in terms of conditions in the "Cache River bottoms," for instance. Systematically conducting aerial waterfowl surveys using this design will allow for more efficient allocation of sampling effort and provide precise estimates of waterfowl abundance in the MAV. Such a design offers an opportunity to track changes in abundance in response to changes in land use, flooding patterns or weather conditions, for example.

Before each survey period, transects to be flown are randomly selected within each strata. Biologists spend many hours in the air flying each of these transects – totaling over 3,500 miles each survey – recording all waterfowl observations using specialized computer software that collects location information in flight. Biologists also collect habitat information for each duck observation to track trends in habitat use. These data can then be used to generate population estimates for each strata and the entire MAV and develop visual representations of duck distribution (i.e., duck density maps).

Arkansas Aerial Survey Strata Bayou Bart. - Bayou Boeuf Bayou Macon Bayou Meto - Lower Ark. Big Creek Black - Upper White Cache L Anguille L. White - Bayou Des Arc Little River Ditches Lower St. Francis Lower White WMAs and NWRs Counties

Figure 6. Aerial waterfowl survey strata in the Mississippi Alluvial Valley (Delta) of Arkansas.

Figure 7. Aerial waterfowl survey strata in the Arkansas River valley (ARV) of western Arkansas.

